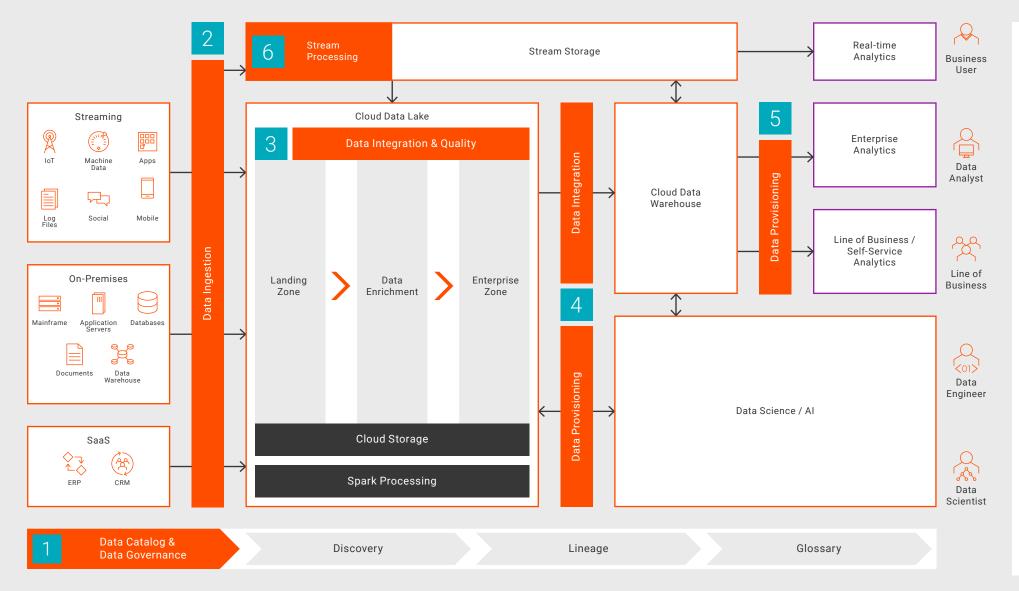


## Architecting for Cloud Data Warehouse and Data Lakes

Organizations are rapidly adopting cloud data warehouse and data lakes to extend their existing data architectures and expand their analytical capabilities to support advanced analytics and data science projects. This reference architecture blueprint provides a general framework for implementing a cloud data warehouse and data lake.



## Key Capabilities for Cloud Data Warehouse & Data Lakes

- Data Catalog and Data Governance any modern data architecture must include capabilities to discover, govern, and protect data while leveraging AI and machine-learning built on a layer of common enterprise metadata. The data catalog discovers, indexes, and curates all enterprise data.
- Data Ingestion ingest any data, at any speed using scalable streaming, file, and database ingestion with comprehensive and high-performance connectivity for batch or real-time data in the landing zone of the data lake.
- Data Integration and Data Quality in the landing zone, data engineers use Alpowered tools to enrich data by parsing, transforming, integrating, and cleansing the data using processing engines such as Apache Spark.
- Provisioning from the enterprise zone, curated data can be provisioned as needed for data science/Al projects or integrated for cloud data warehousing.
- Delivery to empower data analysts or line of business users, a modern data architecture should support multiple modes of data delivery, whether in real-time, batch, event-driven, or pub/sub to support analytics or self-service analytics initiatives.
- Stream Processing transforms analytics (filtered, aggregated, and enriched) for real-time data can be enriched with other data from the enterprise, such as the data warehouse, master data, or events that invoke machine learning algorithms, workflows, and alerts in real time. Streaming data can also be persisted in the data lake for historical batch analysis.